



Material Safety Data Sheet

Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc. encourages and expects you to read and understand this entire MSDS, as there is important information throughout the document. Further, Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc. expects you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

To promote safe handling, each customer or recipient should: 1) Notify its employees, agents, contractors, and others whom it knows or believes will use this material of the information contained in this MSDS and any other information regarding hazards and safety; 2) Furnish this same information to each of its customers for the product; 3) Request its customers to notify their employees, customers, and other users of the product of this information; and 4) Notify its employees, agents, contractors, and others that the precautions identified for this product and any other products with which mixtures may be created are transferable and cumulative to the mixture.

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Manufacturer

Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc.
5555 Spalding Drive
Norcross, GA 30092
USA 1-800-618-1010

Canadian Supplier

Akzo Nobel Coatings Ltd.
110 Woodbine Downs Blvd.
Unit #4 Etobicoke, Ontario
Canada M9W 5S6 1-800-618-1010

IN CASE OF EMERGENCY (HEALTH OR SPILLS):

CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300 (Inside the US)

CHEMTREC International (703) 527-3887 (Outside the US, collect calls accepted)

Product code : 391080

Product name : E350 EPOXY PRIMER GRAY

MSDS # : 391080UTE450173220EN61615

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For the most recent update to this Material Safety Data Sheet, visit our website at <http://www.akzonobelcarrefinishes.net>
For additional information call the Akzo Nobel Car Refinishes Techline at 1-800-618-1010.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Emergency overview

: DANGER!

FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN BURNS. HARMFUL IF INHALED OR SWALLOWED. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC RESPIRATORY REACTION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. POSSIBLE CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE CANCER, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation

: Toxic by inhalation. Severely irritating to the respiratory system. May cause sensitization by inhalation.

Ingestion

: Toxic if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Skin

: Corrosive to the skin. Causes burns. Harmful in contact with skin.

Eyes

: Corrosive to eyes. Causes burns.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects

: Contains material that can cause target organ damage. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Section 2. Hazards identification

- Carcinogenicity** : Contains material which may cause cancer, based on animal data. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Target organs** : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: lungs, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.
Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, cardiovascular system.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
wheezing and breathing difficulties
asthma
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains
- Skin** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
- Eyes** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness

- Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure** : Pre-existing respiratory disorders and disorders involving any other target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

NOTICE: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged OVEREXPOSURE to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents of this package may be harmful or fatal.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

United States

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>%</u>
Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]	25036-25-3	10 - 25
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	25068-38-6	10 - 25
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	7779-90-0	5 - 10
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	5 - 10
pentan-2-one	107-87-9	5 - 10
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	107-98-2	1 - 5
Talc, not containing asbestiform fibres	14807-96-6	1 - 5
2-Ethylhexyl acetate	103-09-3	1 - 5
aluminium orthophosphate	7784-30-7	1 - 5
tert-Butyl acetate	540-88-5	1 - 5
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	1 - 5
Butyl glycidyl ether	2426-08-6	1 - 5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Section 4. First aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
- Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
- Inhalation** : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
- Notes to physician** : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Flammability of the product** : Flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
- Extinguishing media**
- Suitable** : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Not suitable** : Do not use water jet.
- Special exposure hazards** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
phosphorus oxides
halogenated compounds
metal oxide/oxides
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- Methods for cleaning up**

Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Product name

Exposure limits

United States

Titanium dioxide

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Total dust

ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010).

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).

pentan-2-one

NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).

TWA: 530 mg/m³ 10 hour(s).

TWA: 150 ppm 10 hour(s).

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

TWA: 700 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s).

ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010).

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minute(s).

1-Methoxy-2-propanol

ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010).

STEL: 553 mg/m³ 15 minute(s).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	<p>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 369 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hour(s). NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). STEL: 540 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 360 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hour(s).</p>
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	<p>NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). Form: Respirable fraction ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable fraction; see Appendix C OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 9/2005). STEL: 1 f/cc 30 minute(s). Form: not containing asbestos TWA: 20 mppcf 8 hour(s). Form: not containing asbestos</p>
aluminium orthophosphate	<p>NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). TWA: 2 mg/m³, (as Al) 10 hour(s). ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 950 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). TWA: 200 ppm 10 hour(s). TWA: 950 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 950 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).</p>
tert-Butyl acetate	<p>ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). STEL: 200 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hour(s). NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). STEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 200 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 710 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). TWA: 150 ppm 10 hour(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 710 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hour(s).</p>
n-Butyl acetate	<p>ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). STEL: 200 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hour(s). NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). STEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 200 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 710 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). TWA: 150 ppm 10 hour(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 710 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hour(s).</p>
Butyl glycidyl ether	<p>ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitizer. TWA: 3 ppm 8 hour(s). NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). CEIL: 30 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). CEIL: 5,6 ppm 15 minute(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 270 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hour(s).</p>

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
- Engineering measures** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.
- Personal protection**
- Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
- Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 8°C (46,4°F)
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Flammable limits** : Not available.
- Appearance** : Not available.
- Odor** : Not available.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- Specific gravity** : 1,614
- pH** : Not available.
- Boiling/condensation point** : 100,4°C (212,7°F)
- Melting/freezing point** : Not available.
- Vapor pressure** : Not available.
- Vapor density** : Heavier than air
- Density** : 13,47 lbs per gal 1,614 g/cm³
- Weight Volatiles** : 20,25% (w/w)
- Volume Volatiles** : 37,99 % (v/v)
- Weight Solids** : 79,75 % (w/w)
- Volume Solids** : 62,01 % (v/v)
- VOC** : 2,56 lbs/gal (306,3 g/l) [ISO 11890-1]
- Dispersibility properties** : Not dispersible in the following materials: cold water.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Stability** : The product is stable.
- Hazardous polymerization** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
- Materials to avoid** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
oxidizing materials
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
- Conditions of reactivity** : Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge.
Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: oxidizing materials.

Section 11. Toxicological information

United States

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	551 mg/kg
	TDLo Intratracheal	Rat	250 mg/kg
Titanium dioxide	LD Intratracheal	Rat	>100 ug/kg
	TDLo Intratracheal	Rat	5 mg/kg
	TDLo Intratracheal	Rat	1,6 mg/kg
	TDLo Intratracheal	Rat	1,25 mg/kg
	TDLo Oral	Rat	60 g/kg
pentan-2-one	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6500 mg/kg
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	800 mg/kg
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg
	LDLo Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg
tert-Butyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4500 mg/kg
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4100 mg/kg
n-Butyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	390 ppm
aluminium orthophosphate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>4640 mg/kg
	LDLo Oral	Rat	4640 mg/kg
2-Ethylhexyl acetate	LD Dermal	Rabbit	>20 mL/kg
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3 g/kg
Butyl glycidyl ether	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2150 mg/kg
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2520 uL/kg
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	1140 mg/kg
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1660 mg/kg
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	3720 mg/kg
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	>4200 mg/kg
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	7800 mg/kg
	LDLo Oral	Rat	3739 mg/kg

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	-	-
pentan-2-one	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
tert-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
n-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	-	-
2-Ethylhexyl acetate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
Butyl glycidyl ether	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitizer

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	-	-	None.	-	-
Titanium dioxide	A4	2B	-	-	-	-
pentan-2-one	-	-	-	None.	-	-
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	A4	3	-	-	-	-
n-Butyl acetate	A4	-	-	None.	-	-
Butyl glycidyl ether	-	-	-	None.	-	-

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

- Environmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Aquatic ecotoxicity** : Not available.
- Biodegradability** : Not available.
- :
- Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ecotoxicological data for one or more components are known and will be made available on request.**

Section 13. Disposal considerations

- Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

Section 14. Transport information

Consult your shipping specialist or supplier for appropriate assignment of the DOT information.

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

- OSHA/HCS status** : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

- United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** : All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 313

- | | <u>Product name</u> | <u>CAS number</u> | <u>Concentration</u> |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Form R - Reporting requirements | : trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | 7779-90-0 | 8.84 |
- California Prop. 65** : WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Canada

- WHMIS (Canada)** : Class B-2: Flammable liquid
 Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic).
 Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).
 Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).
 Class E: Corrosive material



- Canada inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

Section 15. Regulatory information

EU regulations

Hazard symbol or symbols :



Hazard symbol or symbols : Not available.

Risk phrases

R11- Highly flammable.
R40- Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.
R68- Possible risk of irreversible effects.
R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin.
R43- May cause sensitization by skin contact.
R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Safety phrases

: S23- Do not breathe vapor or spray.
S36/37- Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.
S38- In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
S61- Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet.

International regulations

International lists

: **Australia inventory (AICS):** At least one component is not listed.
China inventory (IECSC): At least one component is not listed.
Japan inventory: At least one component is not listed.
Korea inventory: At least one component is not listed.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): At least one component is not listed.
Philippines inventory (PICCS): At least one component is not listed.

Section 16. Other information

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.